

What REMI Models Can Tell Us about The Future of Energy

Regional Economic Models, Inc.

May Lin, Analyst

what does REMI say? sm



Review of Baseline Forecast

Economic Transitions: Electric Vehicles

The Effect of Policy Interventions: Bipartisan Infrastructure Plan

The Effect of Policy Interventions: Disaster Resilience

Conclusion

Q&A



We are the nation's leader in dynamic local, state and national policy modeling.

From the start, REMI has sought to improve public policy through economic modeling software that informs policies impacting our day-to-day lives.

We were founded in 1980 on a transformative idea: government decision-makers should test the economic effects of their policies before they're implemented.

At REMI, we're inspired by a single goal: *improving public policies*.





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Our models are built for any state, county, or combination of counties in the United States.

Our Representative Clients

Our model users and consulting clients use REMI software solutions to perform rigorous economic analysis that critically influences policy.



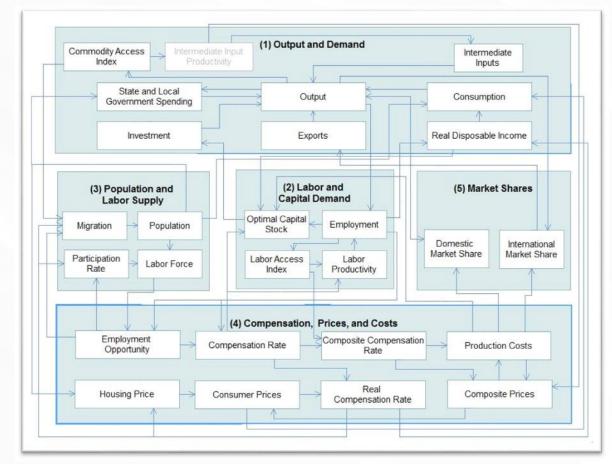
Model Simulation: REMI E3⁺



E3+

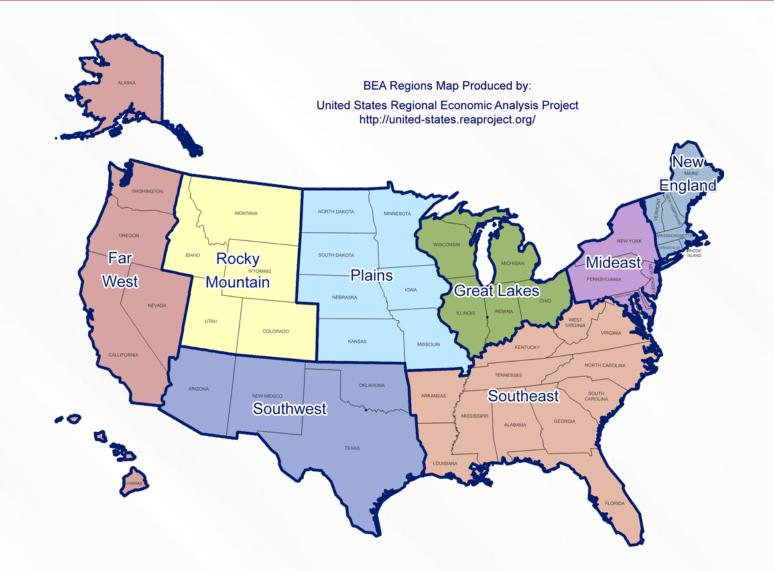
E3⁺ is the premier software solution for analyzing the macroeconomic and demographic impacts of any initiatives related to the energy and environmental sectors.

Decision-makers depend on E3⁺ to provide comprehensive evaluations of the total economic impact of altering electric rates, introducing new power sources, investing in the production of energy, and other policy changes.



Agenda





- 8 BEA Major Regions
- History: 2001 2018
- Forecast: 2019 2060



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Baseline Forecast: Electricity Consumption



Baseline Forecast: Electricity Consumption		Region	2021-2060 Percent Change
5,000		New England	39%
n18 4,000		Mideast	35%
u 3,000		Great Lakes	35%
₽ 2,000		Plains	33%
1,000		Southeast	37%
_	2019 2021 2023 2025 2027 2029 2031 2033 2033 2033 2033 2033 2033 2043 2043	Southwest	37%
→ New England — Mideast — Great Lakes — Plains		Rocky Mountain	43%
—Southeast —Southwest —Rocky Mountain—Far West		Far West	48%



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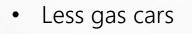
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- Assumptions
 - Fixed total amount of registered cars, including electric vehicles and gasoline cars
 - Net zero change in consumption levels in the economy
- Change: electric vehicles in operation will replace the same amount of gasoline cars



More EVs



- Gasoline Consumption decreasing
- Electricity Consumption increasing



Consumer Spending: Electricity

- \$1.3 Billion increase in 2022 increasing with EV sale projections
- \$249 Billion increase by 2060

Consumer Spending: Motor Fuels

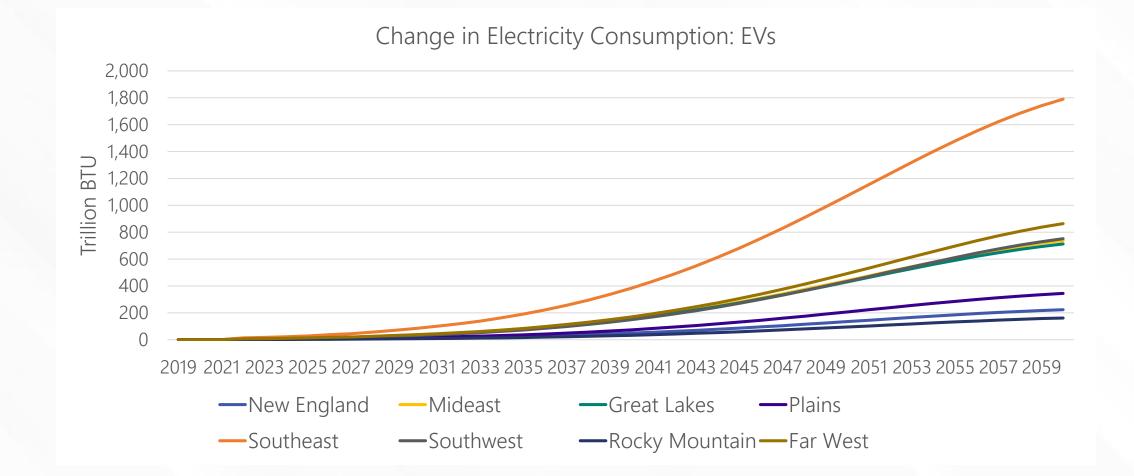
- \$3.8 Billion reduction in 2022 increasing with EV sale projections
- \$576 Billion reduction by 2060

Consumer Spending: Other Categories

- Increased by difference between Consumer Spending on Motor Fuels and Electricity
 - Creates net zero change in consumption levels in the economy

Simulation Forecast: Impact of Electric Vehicles







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Industry Sales: Power and Communication Structures

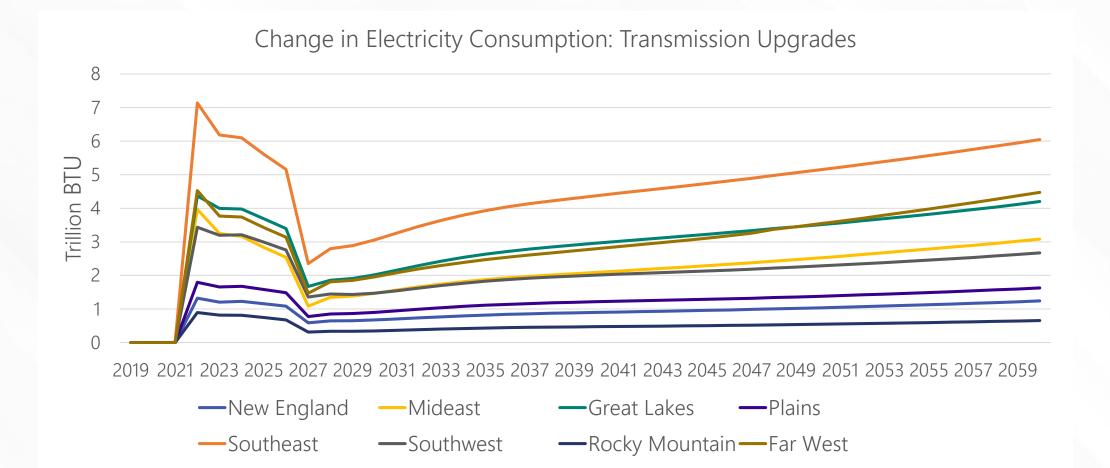
• \$73 Billion increase in spending split between the first 5 years: total set aside in Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill for transmission system upgrades



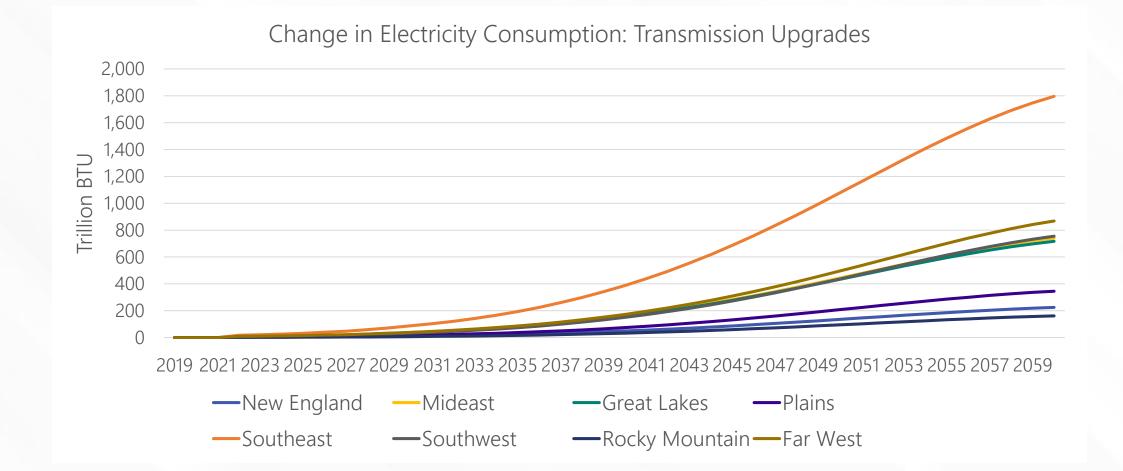
- Reduced by 3% for every year
- Applied to every industry in the economy
- Simulates the impact of improved transmission infrastructure

Simulation Forecast: Transmission Upgrades

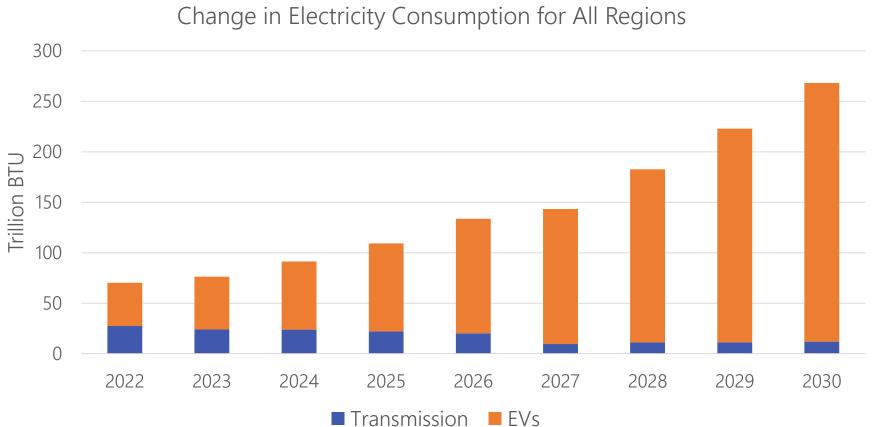








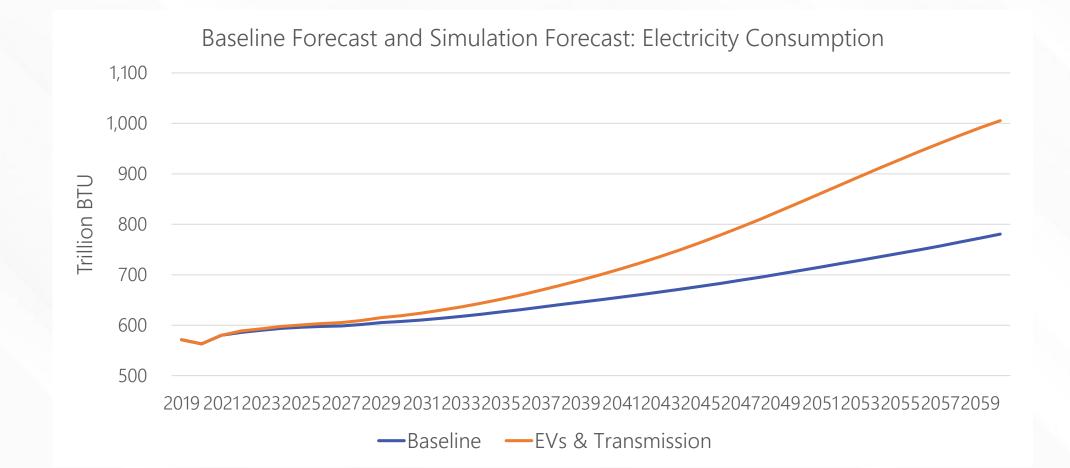
Simulation Forecast: Change in Energy Consumption



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Baseline Forecast and Simulation Forecast







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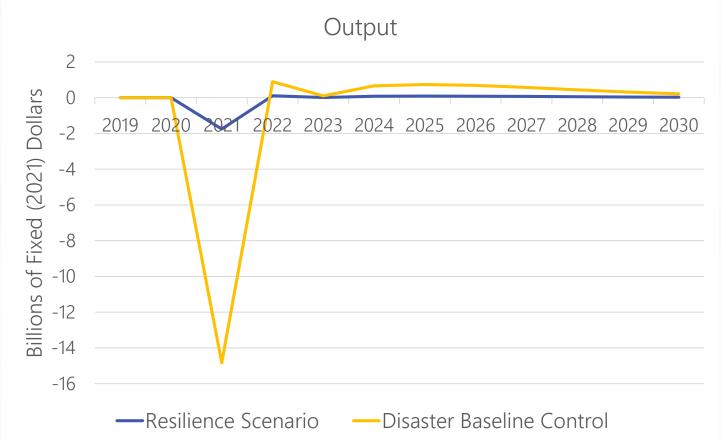
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The Effect of Policy Interventions: Disaster Resilience Southwest Region





- Estimated Direct Impact in Texas without Resilience Investment: \$4.2B
- Total Maximum Loss Potential: \$9.3B
- Assumed Direct Impact with Resilience Investment: \$0.5B
- Implied Direct Protection by Resilience Investment: \$3.7B
- Total Avoided Loss: \$8.2B



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Conclusions and Notable Results



• Demand for Electric Vehicles will cause an increase in electricity consumption of approximately 5,600 Trillion BTUs by 2060.



• The impact of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill on electricity consumption will be positive but relatively small.



 Infrastructure improvements from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill may save a considerable amount of money in avoided outages related to extreme weather events. The Total Avoided Loss can be more than twice the amount of the Direct Protection provided by the Resilience Investment.



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- Vehicle Technologies Office. (2019, December 4). *Summary report on EVS at scale and the U.S. Electric Power System 2019*. Energy.gov. Retrieved September 16, 2021, from https://www.energy.gov/eere/vehicles/downloads/summary-report-evs-scale-and-us-electric-power-system-2019.
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- *Cost of Texas' 2021 Deep Freeze Justifies Weatherization*. Dallasfed.org. (2021). Retrieved September 16, 2021, from https://www.dallasfed.org/research/economics/2021/0415.aspx.



Thank you for attending!